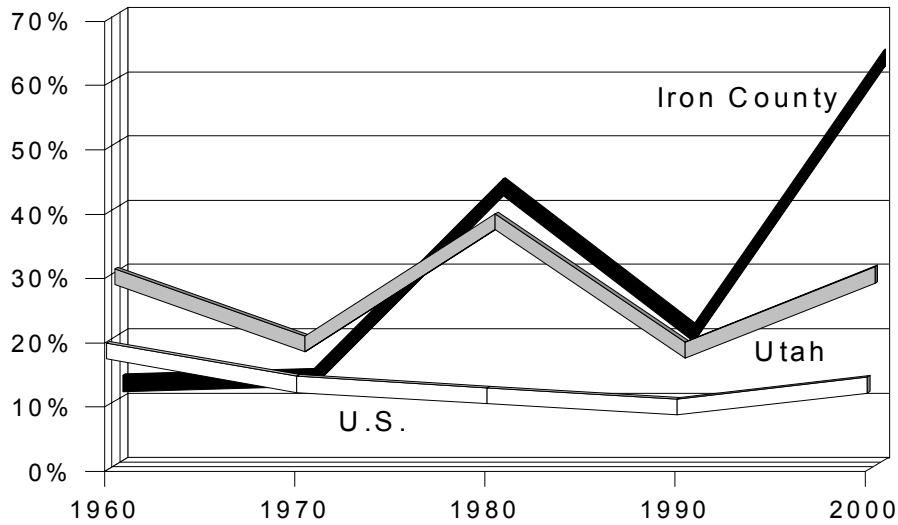


Population Profile

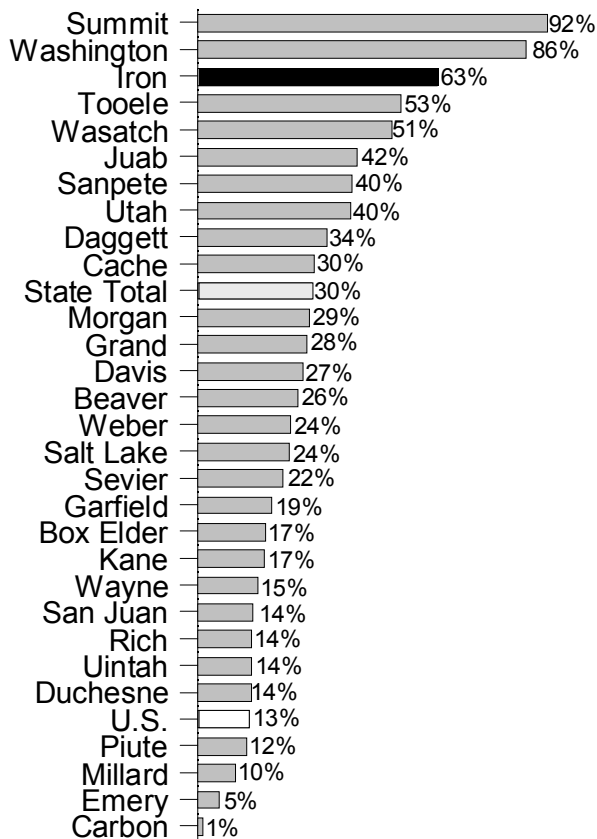
Population Growth



After a slow start in 1960, Iron County's population growth mimicked the state pattern for several decades. . .until the 90s, when the Iron County population exploded by 63 percent.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

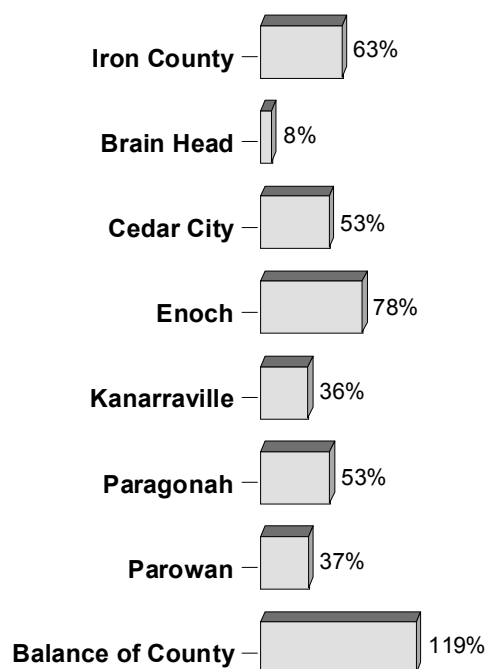
1990 to 2000 Population Growth by County



Iron County was the third-fastest growing county in the state during the 90s—right behind neighboring Washington County.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

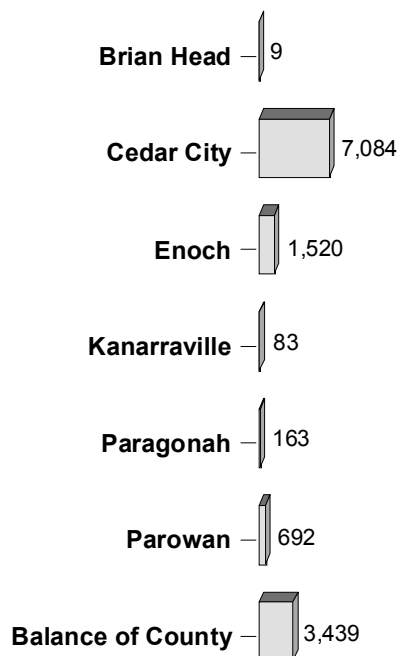
1990-2000 Population Change by City



During the 90s, Enoch was the fastest growing Iron County town. However, growth was even more rapid outside the larger towns. Brian Head showed the slowest population expansion.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

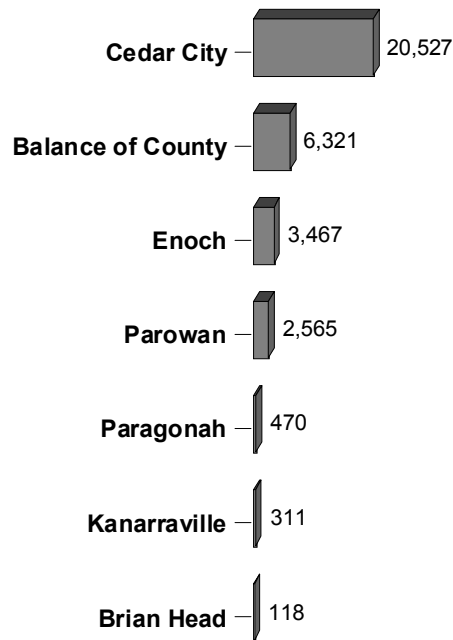
1990-2000 Population Growth by City



Cedar City may not have been the fastest growing city in Iron County. However, it housed more than half of the county's new population during the 90s.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

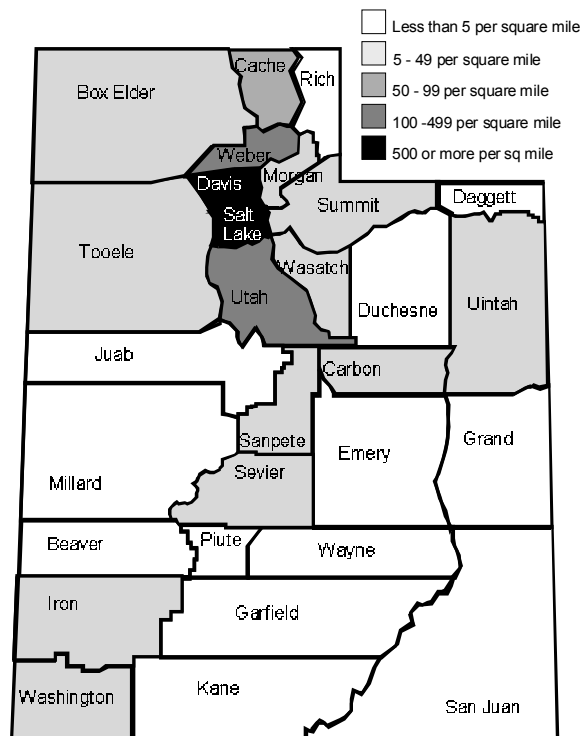
2000 Population by City



Roughly 61 percent of Iron County's population is concentrated in Cedar. The next largest concentration of population isn't concentrated at all—individuals living outside the major townships.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

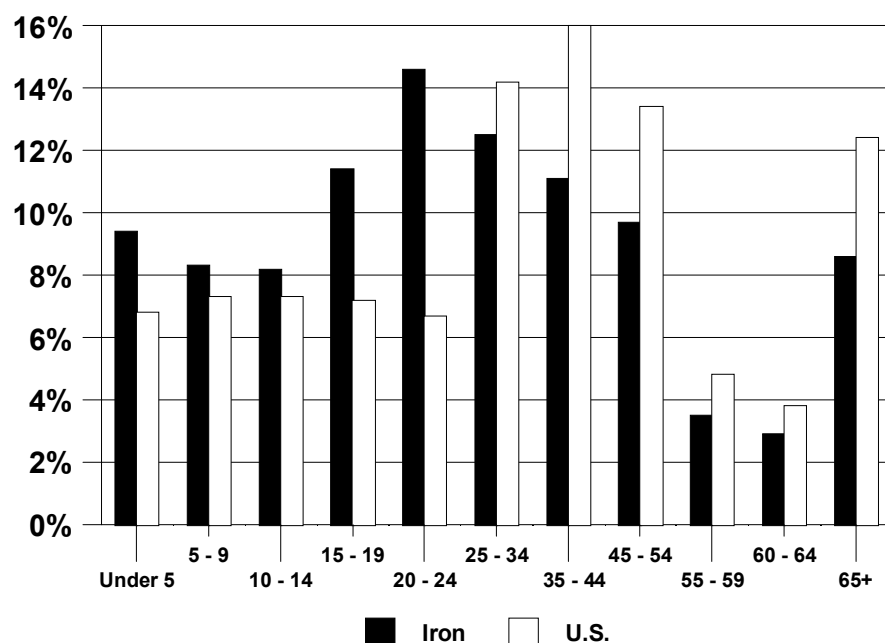
2000 Population Density



Despite rapid population growth in the 90s, Iron County's population density (at 10 persons per square mile) is relatively low.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

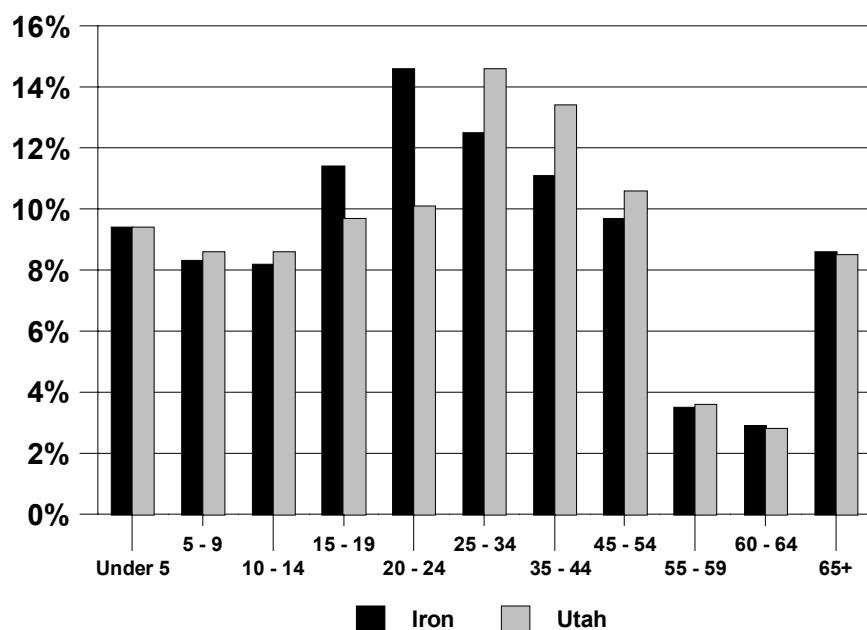
2000 Population Age Distribution



Southern Utah University's location in Iron County undoubtedly contributes to the county's high share of teenagers and young adults compared to the nation. Iron County also shows a comparatively small share of "seniors."

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

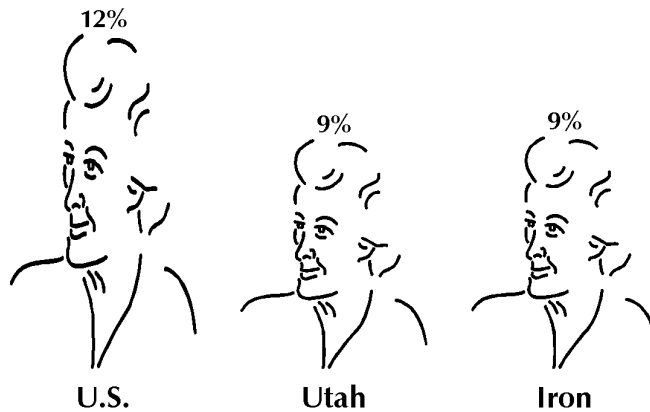
2000 Population Age Distribution



Iron County closely mimics the Utah population distribution with the exception that the college-age population encompasses a larger share of residents. In addition, adults between the ages of 25 and 54 are under-represented in the county.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

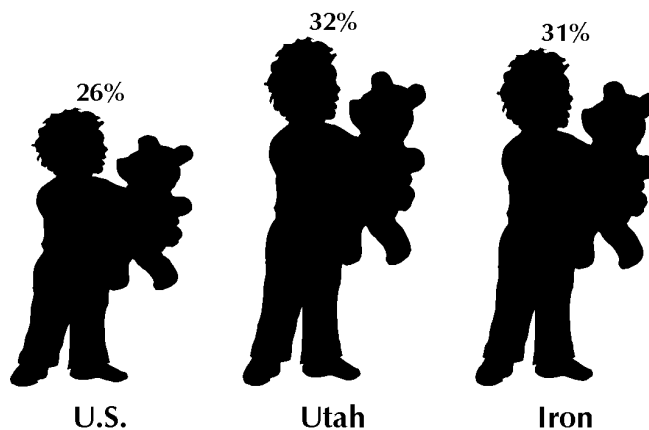
2000 Population over 65



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

The percentage of Iron County's population over the age of 65 decreased slightly from 10 percent in 1990 to less than 9 percent in 2000.

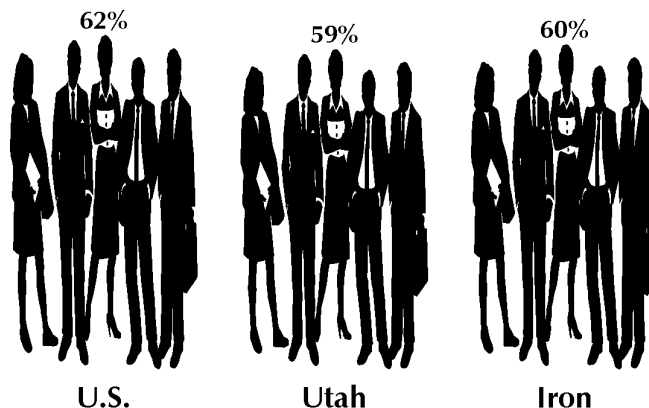
2000 Population under 18



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Both the state of Utah and Iron County have a high share of young people and children compared to the national average.

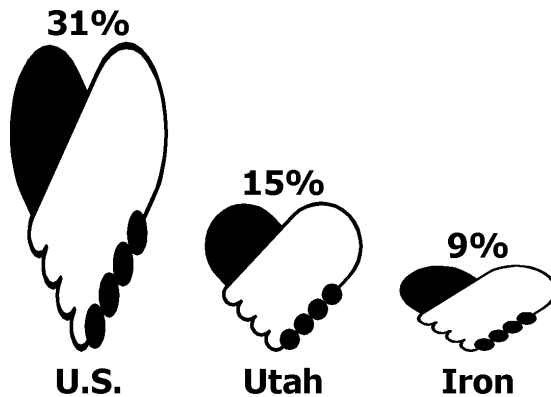
2000 Working Age Population



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Iron County's share of "working-age" population (18 to 65 years old) is similar to both the Utah and U.S. figures.

2000 Nonwhite or Hispanic Population

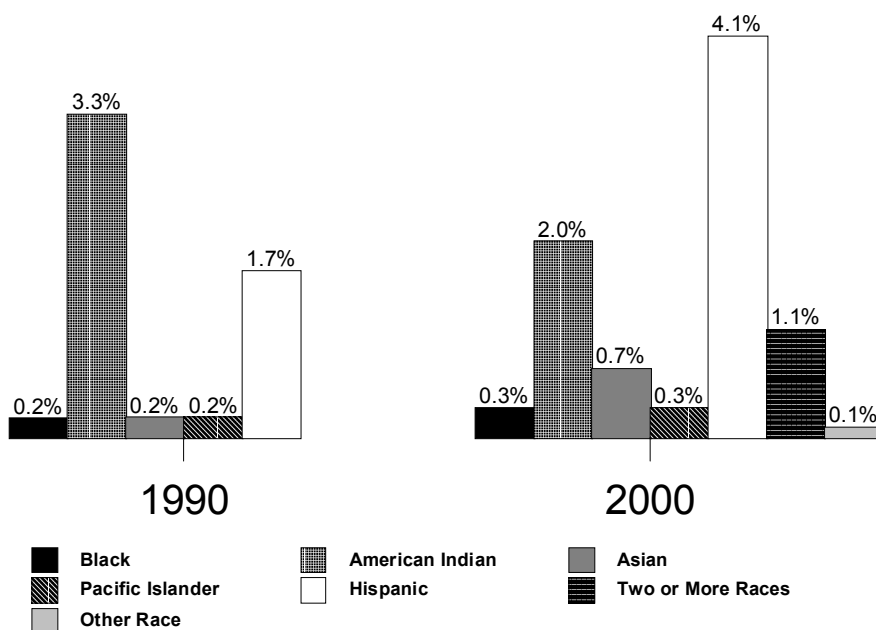


Iron County's population is less diverse than either Utah's or the nation's.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

NOTE: For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau changed the way it collected race and ethnic information. Respondents were able to check as many racial groups as applied and also to indicate "other."

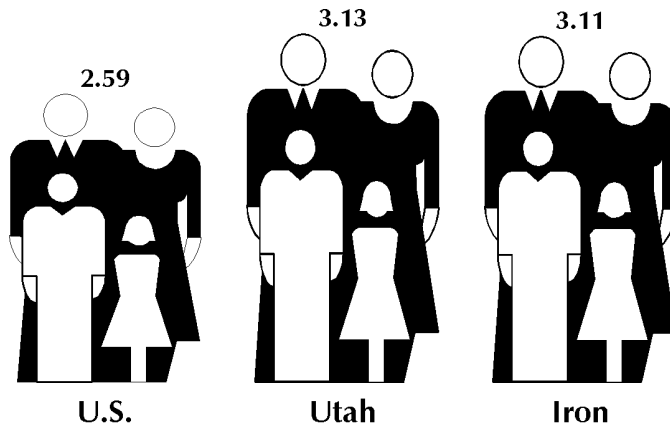
Iron County Race/Ethnic Distribution



In the decade of the 90s, the most eye-catching change in the county's race/ethnic distribution was the substantial growth in Iron County's Hispanic population. In addition, a smaller share of individuals classified themselves as "American Indian."

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

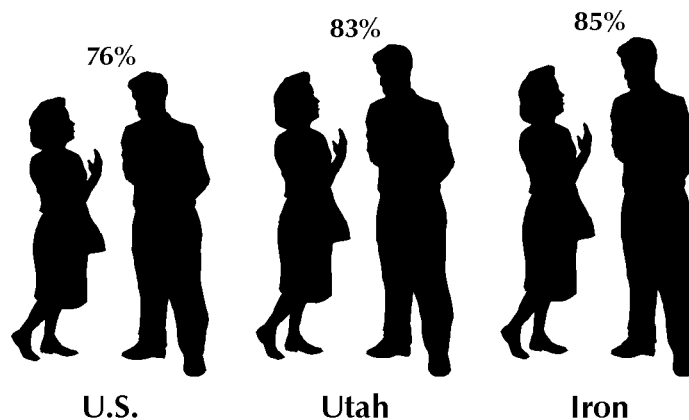
2000 Average Persons per Household



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Between 1990 and 2000, Iron County's household size shrank from 3.21 persons to 3.11 persons. Utah's household size remained virtually unchanged.

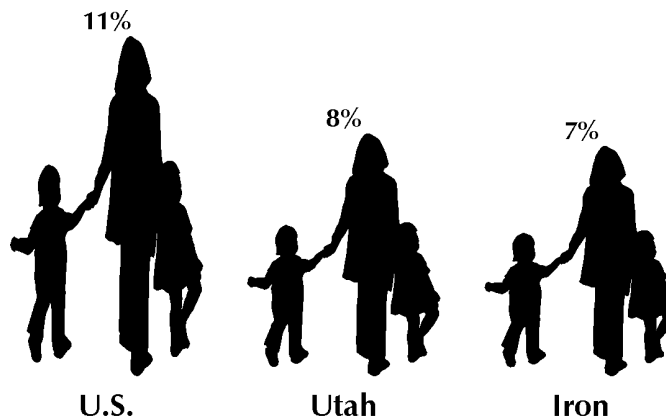
2000 Married Couple Families*



* As a percent of total families.

Iron County and Utah families are more likely to have a married couple at their head than the national average.

2000 Female-Headed Families with Children*



* With children under 18 as a percent of total families.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Not surprisingly, Iron county also showed a smaller percentage of female-headed families with children under 18 years of age.